COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Innovative Beverage Concepts, Inc. ("IBC") files this Complaint against Defendants The Tea Lab, LLC, Jennie Ripps, and Does 1-10 inclusive (collectively, "Defendants"), and alleges the following:

THE PARTIES

1. Plaintiff IBC is a California corporation having its principal place of business at 9600 Research Drive, Irvine, California 92618.

2. Upon information and belief, Defendant The Tea Lab, LLC ("The Tea Lab") is a New York limited liability company having its principal place of business at 124 East 36th Street, New York, New York, 10016 and regularly conducting business in this district.

- 3. Upon information and belief, Defendant Jennie Ripps ("Ripps") is an individual with a place of business at 124 East 36th Street, New York, New York, 10016 and regularly conducting business in this district.
- 4. IBC is unaware at this time of the true names and capacities of Defendants sued herein as Does 1 through 10, inclusive, and therefore sues these Defendants by these fictitious names. IBC will seek leave of Court to amend this Complaint to allege their true names and capacities when the same have been ascertained or at the time of trial.
- 5. Upon information and belief, each of the Defendants was the agent, servant, or employee of each of the other Defendants, and in doing the things alleged herein, was acting in the course and scope of such agency, service and employment and with the permission and consent of his, her or its co-Defendants.

NATURE AND STATUTORY BASIS OF THE ACTION

6. This action seeks remedy for trademark infringement under the federal Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 1114(1) (First Claim for Relief); unfair competition and false designation of origin under the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. Sections 1125(a) and (b) (Second Claim for Relief); trademark dilution under the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 1125(c) (Third Claim for Relief); cybersquatting under the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 1125(d) (Fourth Claim for Relief); trademark infringement under the common law of California (Fifth Claim for Relief); and unfair competition and false designation of origin under the California Business and Professions Code Sections 17200 and 17500 et seq. (Sixth Claim for Relief).

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 7. This Court has personal jurisdiction over The Tea Lab and Ripps because, upon information and belief: (i) they do business and/or actively solicit business in California; (ii) they have continuous and ongoing business contacts with residents of California through, *inter alia*, the highly interactive *www.theteaologist.com* website; (iii) they have intentionally engaged in acts targeted at California that have caused harm within California, including harm to IBC, which has its principal place of business in California; (iv) the confusion resulting from their trademark infringement is most likely to impact California consumers; and (v) they have purposely availed themselves of the privilege of conducting business in California.
- 8. The First, Second, Third and Fourth Claims for Relief arise under the federal Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1051, et seq. This Court has original subject matter jurisdiction over these Lanham Act claims under 15 U.S.C. § 1121 and 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338.

- 9. The Fifth and Sixth Claims for Relief arise under California statutory and common law. Jurisdiction in this Court is proper for these claims under 28 U.S.C. § 1338(b) in that such claims are joined with substantial and related claims brought under the trademark laws of the United States. This Court also has jurisdiction for all of the state law claims on the basis of supplemental jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a) in that the federal and state law claims alleged herein are based on the same operative facts, and the Court's exercise of jurisdiction over the pendent state law claims will promote judicial economy, convenience and fairness to the parties.
- 10. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) in that Defendants regularly conduct business in this district, and a substantial part of the acts or omissions giving rise to the claims asserted herein occurred or had effects in this district.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

A. IBC's Business

- 11. Since at least as early as 1996, IBC has developed and sold a variety of high quality tea, coffee and other café-related products that are used and consumed worldwide.
- 12. To expand its business, in or around 2002, IBC developed tea products under the brand **TEAOLOGY**®. Since at least as early as 2002, IBC has continuously sold tea, tea mixes and tea-based beverages under the **TEAOLOGY** brand.
- 13. IBC markets and sells its **TEAOLOGY** brand of tea, tea mixes and teabased beverages to individuals, professional café baristas, and quality food establishments.

14. IBC sells its **TEAOLOGY** brand of tea, tea mixes and tea-based beverages through a variety of marketing channels, including through its worldwide distributors, various trade publications, and on the Internet via its website at www.teaology.com.

15. Since its inception, the **TEAOLOGY** brand has commanded a substantial marketplace presence and has enjoyed sales in the millions of dollars.

B. <u>IBC's Valuable Intellectual Property</u>

- 16. As a company that depends upon both the quality of its products and the reliability of its brand, IBC has spent substantial sums securing and protecting its intellectual property interests.
- 17. IBC has obtained federal trademark registrations to protect the value of its famous **TEAOLOGY** brand in connection with tea, tea mixes and tea-based beverages. IBC owns at least the following U.S. federal trademark registrations duly registered with the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("USPTO") which are pertinent to this particular case (hereafter referred to as the "**TEAOLOGY** Mark"):

Mark	Reg. No.	Goods
TEAOLOGY®	2,650,419	Tea, flavored drink mixes, namely tea mixes.
TEAOLOGY®	3,631,790	Powdered drink mixes containing tea for use as
		meal replacements.

- 18. True and correct copies of each of the registrations set forth in the above paragraph are attached hereto as Exhibits A and B. IBC owns each of these registrations originally.
- 19. The USPTO has conferred incontestability status upon one of IBC's federal trademark registrations, namely Reg. No. 2,650,419.

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TEAOLOGY brand since its first use in 2002. Over the years, IBC has expended substantial amounts of time, effort and money to ensure that the purchasing public associates the **TEAOLOGY** brand with IBC's products. As a result of this time, effort and financial investments, IBC and the **TEAOLOGY** Mark have achieved a reputation for excellence in the marketplace. IBC enjoys substantial demand and goodwill for its products bearing or marketed under the **TEAOLOGY** Mark.

21. The **TEAOLOGY** Mark is a strong mark when used in connection with

IBC has extensively and continually advertised and promoted the

- 21. The **TEAOLOGY** Mark is a strong mark when used in connection with tea, tea mixes and tea-based beverages. The **TEAOLOGY** Mark is inherently distinctive.
- 22. By virtue of the extensive scope of the consumer sales made and the substantial sums spent to promote the **TEAOLOGY** Mark, it has also acquired a strong secondary meaning in the minds of the relevant purchasing public.
- 23. The **TEAOLOGY** Mark uniquely distinguishes IBC products from products offered by others. IBC has built up incalculable goodwill and value in the **TEAOLOGY** Mark. The relevant purchasing public has come to exclusively associate the **TEAOLOGY** Mark with tea, tea mixes and tea-based beverages that originate from IBC.
- 24. The **TEAOLOGY** Mark is famous in connection with tea, tea mixes and tea-based beverages. The **TEAOLOGY** Mark has earned various awards, including finalist entries in the 2002 *International Food & Beverage Awards*, the 2002 edition of *Applied Arts Magazine*, the 2003 edition of *New Logo World*, the 2003 edition of *Step Inside Design's 100 Competition and Annual Magazine*, and the 2004 edition of *American Corporate Identity*. IBC's tea products have been featured in national publications such as *Fresh Cup Magazine*, *Specialty Coffee Retailer*, *Gourmet Retailer Magazine*, and *Hospitality News*. IBC's tea products also have a celebrity following and have been featured at celebrity poker

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tournaments, sporting events, a cancer benefit hosted by John Stamos, and Tori Spelling's wedding.

25. IBC has not licensed, authorized or otherwise consented to Defendants' use of the **TEAOLOGY** Mark.

C. **Defendants' Unlawful Conduct**

- 26. Upon information and belief, Defendants are in the business of distributing, promoting and selling tea products to the consuming public.
- 27. Upon information and belief, Defendants are a competitor of IBC and sell competing tea and tea-related products under the mark THE TEAOLOGIST® (U.S. Reg. No. 4,118,490) (the "Infringing Mark").
- Upon information and belief, Defendants' tea products compete in the 28. marketplace with IBC's TEAOLOGY brand of tea, tea mixes and tea-based beverage products.
- Upon information and belief, Defendants own and/or operate the 29. www.theteaologist.com website (the "Infringing Domain Name").
- Upon information and belief, Defendants sell their THE 30. **TEAOLOGIST** tea products through a variety of marketing channels that overlap with IBC's marketing channels, including without limitation on the Internet via the Infringing Domain Name.
- Upon information and belief, Defendants use the **TEAOLOGY** Mark 31. to direct Internet traffic to the Infringing Domain Name by embedding the **TEAOLOGY** Mark in the Infringing Domain Name's metatags. Defendants' use of the **TEAOLOGY** Mark as a metatag increases the likelihood that consumers who use a search engine to find **TEAOLOGY** tea products will instead find Defendants' Infringing Domain Name.

32. Upon information and belief, Defendants are using the Infringing Mark and Infringing Domain Name with the intent to ride the coattails of IBC's well-known **TEAOLOGY** Mark.

33. Upon information and belief, as a result of Defendants' use of a similar mark on virtually identical and/or competing tea products, consumers who encounter **THE TEAOLOGIST** tea and related products are likely to be confused as to their source, or as to their connection or affiliation with IBC and its **TEAOLOGY** brand of tea, tea mixes and tea-based beverages.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Federal Trademark Infringement Against Defendants [Section 32(1) Of The Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1114(1)]

- 34. IBC realleges and incorporates herein by reference the allegations of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 35. Defendants have infringed the federally registered **TEAOLOGY** Mark by, among other things, promoting, distributing and selling **THE TEAOLOGIST** tea and related products in interstate commerce. IBC has not granted Defendants permission or authority to use the registered **TEAOLOGY** Mark.
- 36. Upon information and belief, Defendants' promotion, distribution and sale of **THE TEAOLOGIST** tea and related products has a substantial effect on interstate commerce, and has caused confusion and mistake, and is likely to continue to cause confusion and mistake, and to deceive the public into believing that **THE TEAOLOGIST** tea and related products originate with, or are associated with and/or authorized by, IBC.
- 37. Upon information and belief, Defendants have committed these acts of infringement with the intent to cause confusion and mistake and to deceive the

public into believing that **THE TEAOLOGIST** tea and related products originate with, or are associated with and/or authorized by, IBC.

- 38. Defendants' unlawful use of the Infringing Mark in interstate commerce constitutes trademark infringement in violation of Section 32(a) of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1114(1).
- 39. Upon information and belief, Defendants, by engaging in the conduct described herein, willfully intended to trade on the reputation of IBC and/or the **TEAOLOGY** Mark, and to cause injury to IBC.
- 40. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' unlawful acts as set forth above, including the unauthorized use of the Infringing Mark, IBC has suffered and will continue to suffer injury to its business, goodwill and property.
- 41. IBC is entitled to recover from Defendants the damages it has sustained and will sustain as a result of Defendants' wrongful conduct as alleged herein. IBC is further entitled to recover from Defendants the gains, profits and advantages that Defendants have obtained as a result of the wrongful conduct alleged herein. IBC at present is unable to ascertain the full extent of its damages, or the gains, profits and advantages that Defendants have obtained by reason of their wrongful conduct described herein.
- 42. IBC has no adequate remedy at law. Unless Defendants are preliminarily and permanently enjoined from committing these unlawful acts as set forth above, including the unauthorized use of the Infringing Mark in commerce, IBC will continue to suffer irreparable harm.
- 43. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1116, IBC is entitled to an injunction restraining Defendants, their officers, agents and employees, and all persons acting in concert with them, from engaging in any further such acts of infringement in violation of the Lanham Act.

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SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Unfair Competition and False Designation of Origin Against Defendants [Section 43(a) Of The Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a), (b)]

- 44. IBC realleges and incorporates herein by references the allegations of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 45. Defendants' use of the Infringing Mark causes or is likely to cause confusion, mistake and deception as to the affiliation, connection and association of Defendants with IBC and/or as to the origin, sponsorship and approval of the products sold under the Infringing Mark.
- 46. Defendants' use of the Infringing Mark causes or is likely to cause confusion, mistake and deception as to the nature, characteristics, origin and qualities of the goods sold under the Infringing Mark.
- Defendants' acts have caused and, unless restrained by this Court, will 47. continue to cause IBC and the public to suffer great and irreparable damage and injury through, inter alia, (a) likelihood of confusion, mistake and deception among the relevant purchasing public and trade as to the source of Defendants' goods; and (b) the loss of the valuable goodwill and business reputation symbolized by the Infringing Mark.
- IBC is entitled to recover from Defendants the damages it has sustained 48. and will sustain as a result of Defendants' wrongful conduct as alleged herein. IBC is further entitled to recover from Defendants the gains, profits and advantages that they have obtained as a result of such wrongful conduct. IBC at present is unable to ascertain the full extent of its damages, or the extent of the gains, profits and advantages that Defendants have obtained by reason of the wrongful conduct described herein.
- IBC has no adequate remedy at law. Unless Defendants are 49. preliminarily and permanently enjoined from committing these unlawful acts as set

forth above, including the unauthorized use of the Infringing Mark in commerce, IBC will continue to suffer irreparable harm.

50. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1116, IBC is entitled to an injunction restraining Defendants, their officers, agents and employees, and all persons acting in concert with them, from engaging in any further such acts of unfair competition and false designation or origin in violation of the Lanham Act.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Federal Trademark Dilution Against Defendants [Section 43(c) Of The Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(c)]

- 51. IBC realleges and incorporates herein by reference the allegations of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
 - 52. The **TEAOLOGY** Mark is a famous mark.
- 53. Defendants' commercial use of the Infringing Mark occurred at all times after the **TEAOLOGY** Mark had become famous.
- 54. Defendants' use of the Infringing Mark is likely to deprive IBC of the benefit of the goodwill attached to the **TEAOLOGY** Mark, to injure IBC's business reputation, and causes actual dilution of the distinctive quality of the **TEAOLOGY** Mark.
- 55. Defendants' use of the Infringing Mark violates the Federal Trademark Dilution Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(c).
- 56. Upon information and belief, Defendants, by engaging in conduct described herein, willfully intended to trade on IBC's business reputation and to cause dilution of the famous **TEAOLOGY** Mark.
- 57. As a direct and a proximate result of Defendants' unlawful acts as set forth above, including the unauthorized use of the Infringing Mark, IBC has suffered

and will continue to suffer injury to its business, goodwill and property in an amount not presently known.

- 58. IBC is entitled to recover from Defendants the damages it has sustained and will sustain as a result of Defendants' wrongful conduct as alleged herein. IBC is further entitled to recover from Defendants the gains, profits and advantages that Defendants have obtained as a result of the wrongful conduct alleged herein. IBC at present is unable to ascertain the full extent of its damages, or the gains, profits and advantages that Defendants have obtained by reason of the wrongful conduct described herein.
- 59. IBC has no adequate remedy at law. Unless Defendants are preliminarily and permanently enjoined from committing these unlawful acts as set forth above, including the unauthorized use of the Infringing Mark in commerce, IBC will continue to suffer irreparable harm.
- 60. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1116, IBC is entitled to an injunction restraining Defendants, their officers, agents and employees, and all persons acting in concert with them, from engaging in any further such acts of dilution in violation of the Lanham Act.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Cybersquatting Against Defendants

[Section 43 of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(d)]

- 61. IBC realleges and incorporates herein by reference the allegations of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 62. Defendants' acquisition and/or registration and use of the Infringing Domain Name constitutes a bad faith intent to profit from the **TEAOLOGY** Mark within the meaning of § 1125(d).

- 63. IBC has no adequate remedy at law. Unless Defendants are preliminarily and permanently enjoined from committing these unlawful acts as set forth above, IBC will continue to suffer irreparable harm.
 - 64. Defendants' infringement of IBC's rights is and has been willful.
- 65. IBC is entitled to the maximum statutory damages, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(d), in the amount of \$100,000, for each act of Defendants' cybersquatting.

FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Common Law Trademark Infringement and Unfair Competition Against Defendants [California Common Law]

- 66. IBC realleges and incorporates herein by reference the allegations of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 67. Defendants' actions alleged herein constitute infringement of IBC's common law rights in the **TEAOLOGY** Mark and common law unfair competition.
- 68. IBC has been and will continue to be irreparably harmed by Defendants' infringing acts and unless Defendants are restrained from continuing their infringing acts, the harm to IBC will continue.
 - 69. Defendants' infringement of IBC's rights is and has been willful.
 - 70. IBC has no adequate remedy at law for Defendants' wrongful acts.
 - 71. IBC also seeks damages stemming from Defendants' willful conduct.

SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF Unfair Competition and False Designation of Origin Against Defendants

72. IBC realleges and incorporates herein by reference the allegations of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.

[California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200 & 17500]

- 73. Upon information and belief, the unlawful conduct of Defendants described herein has had a substantial effect on commerce, and constitutes unlawful, unfair and fraudulent business practices and unfair deceptive, untrue and misleading advertising in violation of Sections 17200 and 17500, *et seq.*, of the California Business and Professions Code.
- 74. Upon information and belief, Defendants willfully intended to trade on the strength, reputation and goodwill of the **TEAOLOGY** Mark and to cause injury to IBC.
- 75. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' unlawful acts as described herein, IBC has suffered and will continue to suffer injury to its business, goodwill and property.
- 76. IBC has no adequate remedy at law. Unless Defendants are preliminarily and permanently enjoined from committing the unlawful acts described herein, IBC will continue to suffer irreparable harm. IBC is entitled, pursuant to California Business and Professions Code §§ 17203 and 17535, to an injunction restraining Defendants, their officers, agents and employees, and all persons acting in concert with them, from engaging in any further such acts of unfair competition and false designation of origin in violation of California Business and Professions Code as well as to restitution and disgorgement of Defendants' profits.

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, plaintiff IBC prays for judgment against Defendants as follows:

(1) That Defendants be held liable for infringement and dilution of the **TEAOLOGY** Mark, unfair competition, false designation of origin, and cybersquatting in violation of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1051 *et seq.*, California common law, and California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200 & 17500;

(2) That Defendants, and their officers, employees, agents, servants, attorneys, and representatives, and all other persons, firms, or corporations in active concert or participation with them, be preliminarily and thereafter permanently enjoined and restrained, pursuant to the Court's inherent equitable powers and pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1116 from:

(a) operating the website located at www.theteaologist.com, or any colorable imitation thereof, or any domain name that is likely to confuse, mislead, or deceive purchasers, IBC's customers, or members of the public that goods manufactured, distributed, advertised, sold and/or offered for sale on that website originate from IBC, or that such goods have been sponsored, approved, or licensed by or associated with IBC or are in some way connected or affiliated with IBC;

(b) promoting, distributing, or selling any products under the **THE TEAOLOGIST** trademark or any colorable imitation thereof, or any other phrase, term, or logo that is likely to cause confusion with IBC or its **TEAOLOGY** Mark;

(c) using in commerce, or facilitating the use in commerce of the **THE TEAOLOGIST** trademark or any other phrase, term, mark, trade name, logo or design that falsely represents that, or is likely to confuse, mislead, or deceive purchasers, IBC's customers, or members of the public that goods manufactured, distributed, advertised, sold and/or offered for sale by Defendants originate from IBC, or that such goods have been sponsored, approved, or licensed by or associated with IBC or are in some way connected or affiliated with IBC;

- (d) doing or allowing any act or thing which is likely to dilute the distinctive quality of the **TEAOLOGY** Mark, or to otherwise injure IBC's business reputation or goodwill;
- (e) engaging in any acts of federal, state, or common law trademark infringement, trademark dilution, false designation of origin, or unfair competition that would damage or injure IBC; and
 - (f) participating or assisting in any of the above activities.
- (3) That Defendants and their officers, employees, agents, servants, attorneys, and representatives, and all other persons, firms, or corporations in active concert or participation with them be required to expressly abandon the federal registration for the Infringing Mark;
- (4) That Defendants and their officers, employees, agents, servants, attorneys, and representatives, and all other persons, firms, or corporations in active concert or participation with them be required to transfer to IBC the registration for the domain name *www.theteaologist.com*;

- (5) That Defendants, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1116(a), be required to file with the Court and to serve on IBC within thirty (30) days after service of an injunction order as requested herein, a report in writing under oath setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with the Court's order;
- (6) That an accounting be ordered of all of the profits realized by Defendants, or others acting in concert or participation with them, from Defendants' unauthorized use, infringement, and dilution of the **TEAOLOGY** Mark;
- (6) That Defendants be required to account for and pay to IBC all gains, profits, and advantages derived from their acts of infringement and other unlawful conduct, as alleged herein;
- (7) That all gains, profits, and advantages derived by Defendants from their acts of infringement and other unlawful conduct alleged herein be deemed to be in constructive trust for the benefit of IBC.
- (8) That judgment be entered against Defendants for IBC's actual damages as a result of Defendants' acts of infringement and other unlawful conduct alleged herein, and for any additional profits attributable to Defendants' wrongful conduct, according to proof;
- (9) That Defendants' unlawful conduct as alleged herein be deemed a willful violation of IBC's intellectual property rights;
 - (10) That the Court declare this an exceptional case;

COMPLAINT

SMRH:407269364.1

Case 8:12-cv-02099-CJC-AN Document 1 Filed 12/04/12 Page 18 of 27 Page ID #:21

Case	8:12-cv-02099-CJC-AN Document 1 Filed 12/04/12 Page 19 of 27 Page ID #:22
1	Dated: December 4, 2012
2 3	SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON LLP
4	
5	By CARLO F. VAN DEN BOSCH
6	
7	Attorneys for Innovative Beverage Concepts, Inc.
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COMPLAINT

SMRH:407269364.1

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38(b), Plaintiff IBC hereby demands a jury trial on all issues triable as of right to a jury. Dated: December 4, 2012 SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON LLP By CARLO F, VAN DEN BOSCH Attorneys for Innovative Beverage Concepts, Inc.

-20-

SMRH:407269364.1

Exhibit A

Int. Cl.: 30

Prior U.S. Cl.: 46

Reg. No. 2,650,419

United States Patent and Trademark Office

Registered Nov. 12, 2002

Amended

OG Date Apr. 11, 2006

TRADEMARK PRINCIPAL REGISTER

TEAOLOGY

INNOVATIVE BEVERAGE CONCEPTS, INC. (CALIFORNIA CORPORATION) 27111 ALISO CREEK ROAD SUITE 175 ALISO VIEJO, CA 92656 FOR: TEA, [CHAI TEA,] FLAVORED DRINK MIXES, NAMELY TEA MIXES, [CHAI MIXES, AND COCOA MIXES], IN CLASS 30 (U.S. CL. 46).
FIRST USE 1-23-2002; IN COMMERCE 1-23-2002.
SER. NO. 76-204,553, FILED 2-5-2001.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of The Patent and Trademark Office to be affixed on Apr. 11, 2006.

DIRECTOR OF THE U.S. PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Exhibit B

Int. Cl.: 5

Prior U.S. Cls.: 6, 18, 44, 46, 51, and 52

United States Patent and Trademark Office

Reg. No. 3,631,790 Registered June 2, 2009

TRADEMARK PRINCIPAL REGISTER

TEAOLOGY

INNOVATIVE BEVERAGE CONCEPTS, INC. (CA-LIFORNIA CORPORATION) 27111 ALISO CREEK ROAD, SUITE 175 ALISO VIEJO, CA 92656

FOR: POWDERED DRINK MIXES CONTAINING TEA FOR USE AS MEAL REPLACEMENTS, IN CLASS 5 (U.S. CLS. 6, 18, 44, 46, 51 AND 52).

FIRST USE 11-1-2005; IN COMMERCE 11-1-2005.

SN 76-584,060, FILED 3-30-2004.

BERYL GARDNER, EXAMINING ATTORNEY

CARLO F. VAN DEN BOSCH, C ' Bar No. 185207 MICHELLE L. WISNIEWSKI, Car. Bar No. 234032 SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON 650 Town Center Drive, 4th Floor Costa Mesa, California 92626-1993 714.513.5100 Telephone: Facsimile: 714.513.5130 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA CASE NUMBER INNOVATIVE BEVERAGE CONCEPTS, INC., a California corporation; SACV12-02099 CJC (ANx) PLAINTIFF(S) ٧. THE TEA LAB, LLC, a New York limited liability company; JENNIE RIPPS, an individual; and DOES 1-**SUMMONS** 10 inclusive; DEFENDANT(S). TO: **DEFENDANT(S):** A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it), you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached \(\) complaint \(\) amended complaint counterclaim cross-claim or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff's attorney, Carlo F. Van den Bosch, whose address is Sheppard Mullin, Richter & Hampton, LLP, 650 Town Center Drive, 4th Floor, Costa Mesa, California, 92626. If you fail to do so, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court. Clerk, U.S. District Court Dated: 12-4-12 LORI WAGERS (Seal of the Court) [Use 60 days if the defendant is the United States or a United States agency, or is an officer or employee of the United States. Allowed 60 days by Rule 12(a)(3)].

American LegalNet, Inc. www.FormsWorkFlow.com

Case 8:12-cv-02099-CJC-AN Document 1 Filed 12/04/12 Page 26 of 27 Page ID #:29

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

		CIVIL COV	EKSHEET			
	if you are representing yourself EERAGE CONCEPTS, INC.		DEFENDANTS THE TEA LAB, LLC, a New York limited liability company; JENNIE RIPPS, an individual; and DOES 1-10 inclusive			
yourself, provide same.) CARLO F. VAN DE MICHELLE LAVOI SHEPPARD, MULL	N BOSCH, Cal. Bar No. 18: E WISNIEWSKI, Cal. Bar I IN, RICHTER & HAMPTO ve, 4th Floor, Costa Mesa, (5207 No. 234032 NN LLP	Attorneys (If Known)			
II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION	(Place an X in one box only.)		NSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PAR X in one box for plaintiff and of		Only	
1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	1 U.S. Government Plaintiff 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party		PTF DEF PTF 1			
2 U.S. Government Defendant	of Parties in Item III)	nship Citizen of And	other State	2 2 Incorporated and of Business in A		
	P	Citizen or Sub	ject of a Foreign Country []	3 3 Foreign Nation	□6 □6	
IV. ORIGIN (Place an X in one box only.) 1 Original Proceeding State Court Appellate Court Reopened State Court Proceeding State Court Proceeding State Court Reopened Table 2 Remarks State Court Reopened Table 2 Remarks State Court Reopened Table 2 Remarks State Court Reopened Table 3 Remarks State Court Reopened Table 3 Remarks State Court Reopened Table 3 Remarks State Court State Court Reopened Table 3 Remarks State Court Reopened Table 3 Remarks State Court Sta						
V. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT: JURY DEMAND: Yes No (Check 'Yes' only if demanded in complaint.) CLASS ACTION under F.R.C.P. 23: Yes No MONEY DEMANDED IN COMPLAINT: \$ To Proof						
	the U. S. Civil Statute under which cybersquatting, dilution and an X in one box only.)					
OTHER STATUTES 400 State Reapportionment 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking 450 Commerce/ICC Rates/etc. 460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit 490 Cable/Sat TV 810 Selective Service 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC 3410 890 Other Statutory Actions 891 Agricultural Act 892 Economic Stabilization Act 893 Environmental Matters 894 Energy Allocation Act 900 Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes		TORTS PERSONAL INJUI 310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel Slander 330 Fed. Employe Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicl Product Liability 360 Other Persona Injury 362 Personal Injury Med Malprace 365 Personal Injury Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability 1MMIGRATION 462 Naturalization Application 463 Habeas Corpt Alien Detaine 465 Other Immigr Actions	PROPERTY January Street Janu	530 General 535 Death Penalty 540 Mandamus/	LABOR 710 Fair Labor Standards Act 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations 730 Labor/Mgmt, Reporting & Disclosure Act 740 Railway Labor Act 790 Other Labor Litigation 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act PROPERTY RIGHTS 820 Copyrights 830 Patent 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY 61 HIA(1395ff) 862 Black Lung (923) 863 DIWC/DIWW 405(g)) 864 SSID Title XVI 856 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) 871 IRS-Third Party 26 USC 7609	
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY: Case Number:						
SACHERAN PROCESS				At the control of the control of the property of the control of		

LETING THE FRONT SIDE OF FORM CV-71, COMPLETE THE INFORMATION REQUESTED BELOW.

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CIVIL COVER SHEET

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Case 8:12-cv-wright strain disprict ecourt für für Alfoldstrain für Alfold

VIII(a). IDENTICAL CASES: H. If yes, list case number(s):	as this action been p	reviously filed in this court an	nd dismissed, remanded or closed? No Yes		
VIII(b). RELATED CASES: Hav If yes, list case number(s):	e any cases been pre	eviously filed in this court that	t are related to the present case? 🛮 No 🗌 Yes		
Civil cases are deemed related if	a previously filed c	ase and the present case:			
(Check all boxes that apply)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ons, happenings, or events; or		
B	. Call for determina	tion of the same or substantial	Illy related or similar questions of law and fact; or		
☐ C	Involve the same r	would entail substantial duplic	cation of labor if heard by different judges; or t, and one of the factors identified above in a, b or c also is present.		
IX. VENUE: (When completing th	e following informa	tion, use an additional sheet if	f necessary.)		
(a) List the County in this District Check here if the government,	; California County its agencies or emp	outside of this District; State loyees is a named plaintiff. If	if other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH named plaintiff resides. this box is checked, go to item (b).		
County in this District:*			California County outside of this District; State, if other than California; or Foreign Country		
Orange County		·			
Check here if the government,	; California County its agencies or empl	outside of this District; State i	if other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH named defendant resides. If this box is checked, go to item (c).		
County in this District:*			California County outside of this District; State, if other than California; or Foreign Country		
			Tea Lab - New York Jennie Ripps - New York		
(c) List the County in this District Note: In land condemnation	; California County cases, use the locati	outside of this District; State i ion of the tract of land invol	of other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH claim arose.		
County in this District:*	***************************************		California County outside of this District; State, if other than California; or Foreign Country		
Orange County					
* Los Angeles, Orange, San Berna Note: In land condemnation cases, t	rdino, Riverside, V	entura, Santa Barbara, or S	San Luis Obispo Counties		
X. SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY (OR PRO PER):	MA	Date December 4, 2012		
or other papers as required by la	w. This form, appro-	ved by the Judicial Conference	mation contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings of the United States in September 1974, is required pursuant to Local Rule 3 -1 is not filed ing the civil docket sheet. (For more detailed instructions, see separate instructions sheet.)		
Key to Statistical codes relating to S	ocial Security Cases				
Nature of Suit Code	Abbreviation	Substantive Statement of	Cause of Action		
861	НІА	All claims for health insurance benefits (Medicare) under Title 18, Part A, of the Social Security Act, as amended. Also, include claims by hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, etc., for certification as providers of services under the program. (42 U.S.C. 1935FF(b))			
862	BL	All claims for "Black Lung" benefits under Title 4, Part B, of the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969. (30 U.S.C. 923)			
863	DIWC	All claims filed by insured workers for disability insurance benefits under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended; plus all claims filed for child's insurance benefits based on disability. (42 U.S.C. 405(g))			
863	DIWW	All claims filed for widows or widowers insurance benefits based on disability under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended. (42 U.S.C. 405(g))			
864	SSID	All claims for supplemental security income payments based upon disability filed under Title 16 of the Social Security Act, as amended.			
865	RSI	All claims for retirement (old age) and survivors benefits under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended. (42 U.S.C. (g))			
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